

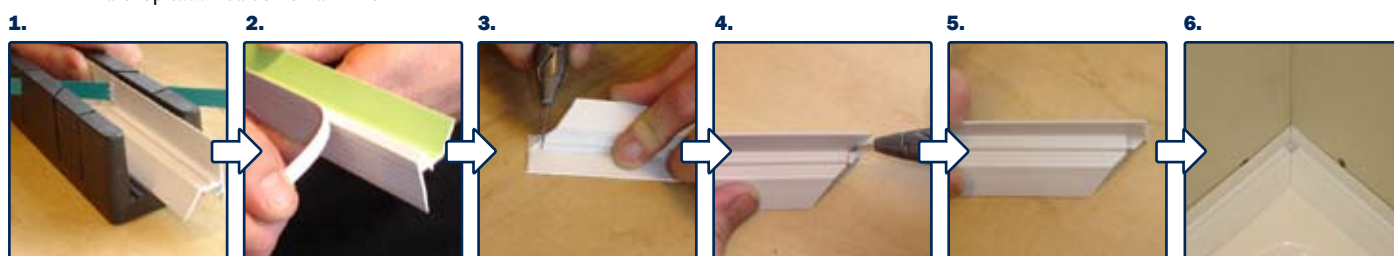
Items required:

- Measuring Tape
- Pencil
- Hacksaw
- Mastic gun
- Stanley knife
- Electric Drill
- Panel support leg
- Up-stand
- Roll of 50mm masking tape
- 5mm Steel Drill Bit
- 32mx4.8mm noncorrosive self-tap screws
- Masonry bit and plugs for above screws if fixing to cement based wall.
- Tissues (Toilet Roll)

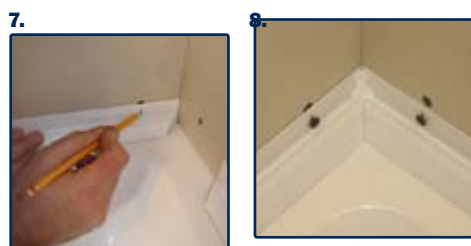
CONTENTS



1. Ensure the sanitary unit is securely installed and rests securely on the floor before commencing installation.
2. Screw the mitre box to a work surface to hold steady while cutting strips. Alternatively a chop saw can be used.
3. Mark the inside face of the shower door wall profile on the two walls above the ledge/floor: Commencing with middle strip (if any), measure and cut the strip to length (3a). Remove saw frays with blade (3b). Tape this strip to the ledge/floor in its proposed final position. Mitre cut the two remaining strips leaving 50mm extra length. Lay each strip in position so the mitre cuts meet (pare if required). Mark the outer end of each strip at the point where it meets the inside face of the shower door wall channel. Cut them square. If the slope of the ledge/floor prevents the outermost edge of the strip (x) resting on the ledge/floor, tear off the removable leg (y) (3c).
4. Notch each mitre cut. A stanley-knife or preferably a small snips is ideal. Snip each mitre cut twice (4a & 4b) to form notch (4c). The hole formed by two meeting notched strips at mitre cuts is our desired goal (4d). 2. Screw the mitre box to a work surface to hold steady while cutting strips. Alternatively you can use a chop saw. 2 3a 3b 4b 4a 4d 4c



5. Tape all the strips to the ledge in their final position. 5mm holes should be marked (5a) and drilled (5b) between the two screw guidelines (Z) on the strip up-stand opposite partition studs and at points in cement walls where a solid grip will be found for wall plugs. After drilling the strips, tape them to the ledge again in their final position and using the same drill bit, drill 5mm deep holes into the walls (5c) through the new holes made the strips. These wall holes will act as pilot holes.



6. Remove the strips again. Where fixing to a cement wall, use the 5mm pilot holes drilled in the wall to accurately fix the position for your masonry drill bit tip. Drill holes and insert wall plugs as required. If partition studs are folded sheet metal, drill through them with the 5mm steel bit.
7. After drilling walls, brush the dust off all ledge surfaces. Clean ledge thoroughly with alcohol wipes or methylated spirits to ensure good adhesion of silicon sealant.

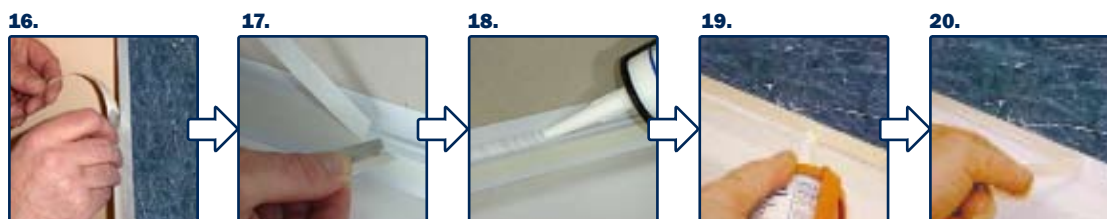
8. Using the strip as a guide, apply three small light pencil marks (both ends and middle) on the ledge to identify the outer edges of the strips. These marks will later show where the silicon sealant should be laid on the ledge (in step 9a).
9. Insert middlestrip upside down into mitre box and arrange to support remainder of strip steady. Cut nozzle at slight angle for 8mm diameter hole. Resting nozzle tip on strip (8a) lay a 400mm line of silicon sealant in strip. Level silicon sealant across strip with spatula (8b). Do not be afraid to redistribute (or add) silicon sealant as required. Continue in 400mm steps until complete. Ensure each end of strip is buttered across flush with Sealux-N.



10. With finger under nozzle as support and fingertip against wall as a guide, lay an 8mm line of silicon sealant on ledge so that outer edge is just inside the pencil marks on the ledge (9a). Lay a light line (5mm) of silicon sealant on wall (roughly) 15mm over ledge (9b).



11. Offer the strip over the joint and rotate it into position fusing the silicon sealant in the strip with the silicon sealant on the ledge to form a watertight seal (10a). Screw the strip to wall (10b). Remove sealant on ledge (if any) with spatula (10c) if necessary. Carry out same procedure for remaining strips. At mitre joints butter silicon sealant proud across one face to ensure sealants fuse across corners inside meeting strips. Lastly, apply silicon sealant to fill notch at corners (10d).
12. To prevent smearing the panel with silicon sealant, apply masking tape over bottom edge and resting blade against on outside corner cut off overhang flush (11a). Do not apply masking tape over panel surfaces covered by corner and edge trims. Lay masking tape over strip just below lowermost ridge on curved leg and trim off (11b).
13. Start with middle strip. Lay a heavy line of silicon sealant in the channel between the strip upstand and the panel support leg (1).



14. Silicon sealant may squeeze out between the strip and panel (13a). This joint should be filled with silicon sealant and be rubbed up immediately ensuring that the silicon sealant is pressed firmly into the joint and protrudes from the outer face of the multiPANEL (13b). Remove the masking tape (13c & 13d) pulling it slowly up and away from the joint. After the silicon sealant has skinned (5 minutes), give the joint a light rub with soapy water (13e).
15. If the shower door wall profile width is unknown before installation, the strip should be retrospectively notched carefully with a flame heated sharp pointed blade. Ensure all surfaces between the shower door wall profile and strip are sealed with Sealux-N.